INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Officials		1
Independent Auditor's Report		2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-12
Basic Financial Statements:	Exhibit	<u>.</u>
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements	A B C D E F G H	13 14-15 16 17 18-19 20 21 22 23-29
Required Supplementary Information:		23 27
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting		30 31
Other Supplementary Information:	Schedule	<u>e</u>
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts Comparison of Taxes and Intergovernmental Revenues	1 2 3 4	32 33 34 35
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>		36-37
Schedule of Findings		38-39

OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires					
	BOARD OF EDUCATION						
	(Before September, 2005 Election)						
Rochelle Guess Steve Burrell Troy Paup David Dumdei Jason Stauffer	President Vice President	2006 2005 2005 2006 2007					
	(After September, 2005 Election)						
Rochelle Guess Steve Burrell Troy Paup David Dumdei Jason Stauffer	President Vice President	2006 2008 2008 2006 2007					
	SCHOOL OFFICIALS						

SCHOOL OFFICE

Leonard Griffith Superintendent

(Resigned April, 2006)

Len Snyder Superintendent

District Secretary/ Teresa Ewing Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of Education of the Paton-Churdan Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paton-Churdan Community School District, Churdan, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paton-Churdan Community School District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2006 on our consideration of Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 30 though 31 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Paton-Churdan Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report. The financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2005 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

November 9, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Paton-Churdan Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2006 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$1,855,482 in fiscal 2005 to \$1,971,047 in fiscal 2006, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$1,774,930 in fiscal year 2005 to \$1,940,470 in fiscal 2006.
- General Fund revenues increased 6% during the year ending June 30, 2006. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to increases in maintenance and transportation expenses. Current allowable growth levels are inadequate for revenue increases to keep up with normal increases in expense.
- The District collected over \$130,000 in local option sales tax revenues. This was used for expenditures previously paid with Physical Plant and Equipment property tax levies.
- The General Fund increased over \$30,000 due to miscellaneous revenue increases, savings due to sharing programs and careful monitoring of discretionary spending.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The statements for governmental funds explain how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- The statement for proprietary funds offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major Special Revenue Funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various programs benefiting the District.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

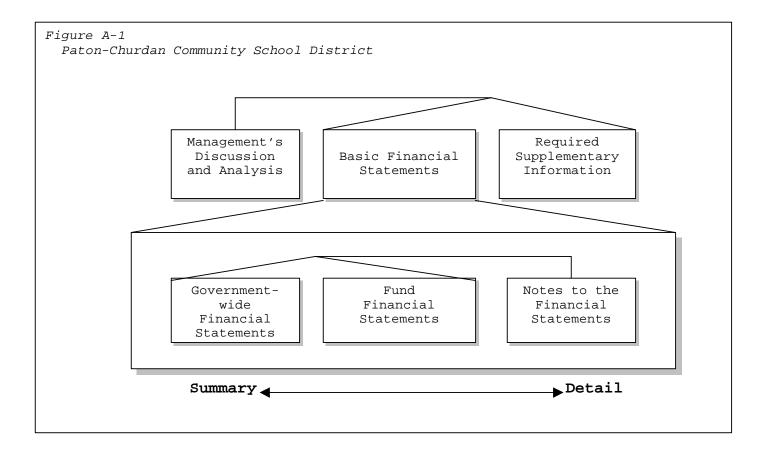


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain the remainder of this overview section of the management discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 Major Features of	the Government-wide and I	Fund Financial Statements	5
	Government-wide	Fund Financi	al Statements
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire district	The activities of the district that are not proprietary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses, such as food service
Required financial statements	. Statement of Net Assets . Statement of Activities	Balance sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	. Statement of Net Assets . Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets . Statement of Cash Flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such
 as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and
 state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how much cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements. The District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one enterprise fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets - Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 compared to June 30, 2005.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

			(expressed in thousands)						
Governmental		Business-type		Tota	al	Percentage			
Activi	Activities		ties	School District		Change			
June	30,	June	30,	June 30,		June 30,			
2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2004-2005			
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
1,287	1,292	12	1	1,299	1,293	0.46%			
330	375	8	10	338	385	- <u>12.21</u> %			
1,617	1,667	20	11	1,637	1,678	- <u>2.44</u> %			
802	857	_	-	802	857	-6.42%			
15	24			15	24	- <u>37.50</u> %			
817	881			817	881	- <u>7.26</u> %			
322	365	8	10	330	375	-12.00%			
86	74	-	_	86	74	16.22%			
392	347	12	1	404	348	<u>16.09</u> %			
800	786	20	11	820	797	2.89%			
	### Activing June 2005 \$ 1,287	Activities June 30, 2005 2004 \$ \$ 1,287 1,292 330 375 1,617 1,667 802 857 15 24 817 881 322 365 86 74 392 347	Activities Activities June 30, June 2005 2004 2005 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Activities Activities June 30, June 30, 2005 2004 2005 2004 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,287 1,292 12 1 330 375 8 10 1,617 1,667 20 11 802 857 - - 15 24 - - 817 881 - - 322 365 8 10 86 74 - - 392 347 12 1	Activities Activities School D June 30, June 30, June 2005 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,287 1,292 12 1 1,299 330 375 8 10 338 1,617 1,667 20 11 1,637 802 857 - - 802 15 24 - - 15 817 881 - - 817 322 365 8 10 330 86 74 - - 86 392 347 12 1 404	Activities Activities School District June 30, June 30, June 30, 2005 2004 2005 2004 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,287 1,292 12 1 1,299 1,293 330 375 8 10 338 385 1,617 1,667 20 11 1,637 1,678 802 857 - - 802 857 15 24 - - 15 24 817 881 - - 817 881 322 365 8 10 330 375 86 74 - - 86 74 392 347 12 1 404 348			

Total net assets increased over 3% in fiscal year 2006. Two primary factors were a \$30,000 increase in the General Fund and the collection of over \$130,000 in local option sales taxes. The General Fund continues to grow due to cost savings from sharing classes with Jefferson-Scranton Community School District as well as continued monitoring of discretionary spending. The District is using local option sales taxes to ease the property tax burden of the PPEL levy.

Changes in net assets - figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Figure A-4
Change in Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

			(011-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Bed III clio	abanab,			
	Governmental Business-type			s-type	Tota	al	Total	
	Activi	ities	Activities		School District		Change	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service								
and sales	79	36	30	32	109	68	60.29%	
Operating grants,								
contributions and								
restricted interest	360	340	37	42	397	382	3.93%	
General revenues:								
Property tax	840	830	_	-	840	830	1.20%	
Income surtax	66	103	_	_	66	103	-35.92%	
Local option sales tax	130	75	_	-	130	75	73.33%	
Unrestricted state grants	752	722	_	-	752	722	4.16%	
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	13	4	_	_	13	4	225.00%	
Other	39	46			39	46	- <u>15.22</u> %	
Total revenues	2,279	2,156	67	74	2,346	2,230	<u>5.20</u> %	
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	1,365	1,321	_	_	1,365	1,321	3.33%	
Support Services	806	470	_	-	806	470	71.49%	
Non-instructional programs	_	_	59	69	59	69	-14.49%	
Other expenses	94	168			94	168	- <u>44.05</u> %	
Total expenses	2,265	1,959	59	69	2,324	2,028	<u>14.60</u> %	
Change in net assets	14	197	8	5	22	202	- <u>89.11</u> %	

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 68% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 93% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$2,279,000 and expenses were \$2,265,236.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services and other expenses.

Figure A-5
Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities
(expressed in thousands)

	(expressed in chousands)						
	Total	Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Ser		
			Change			Change	
	2006	2005	2005-2006	2006	2005	2005-2006	
	\$	\$		\$	\$		
Instruction	1,365	1,321	3.33%	998	1,012	-1.38%	
Support Services	806	470	71.49%	805	469	71.64%	
Other expenses	94	168	- <u>44.05</u> %	24	102	- <u>76.47</u> %	
Totals	2,265	1,959	<u>15.62</u> %	1,827	1,583	<u>15.41</u> %	

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$78,860.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$230,740.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$839,735 in property tax, \$752,182 in state foundation aid, and \$13,282 in interest income.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the District's business-type activities were \$67,335 and expenses were \$59,569. The District's business-type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted Paton-Churdan Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$799,527, a 2 percent increase over last year's ending fund balances of \$785,763. The primary reason was General Fund and local option sales tax increases.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District maintained its General Fund balance by continuing program whereby Paton-Churdan students attend Jefferson-Scranton Community School District for a portion of each day.
- With the available PPEL dollars the District was able to do a number of repair and remodeling projects to maintain the District's facilities as well as purchase a transportation vehicle. This was enhanced by the collection of local option sales tax that were used for PPEL fund purposes.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The Nutrition Fund balance increased due to cost cutting measures maintained throughout the year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the cash basis. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 35 and 36.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were \$9,343 less than budgeted receipts, a variance of less the 1%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less in state aid than originally anticipated, however, this was offset by increased Federal revenues.

Total expenditures were greater than budgeted. This was due in part to the District having additional funds available that were not originally anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2006, the District had invested over \$330,000, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net decrease of 3% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$47,321.

Figure A-6
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

			(expre	ssed in the	ousands)		
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	Tot	al	Total
	Activities		Activities		School District		Change
	June	June 30,		June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	_
Land	5	5	_	_	5	5	0.00%
Buildings	235	250	_	_	235	250	-6.00%
Furniture and equipment	90	120	8	9	98	129	-24.03%
Totals	330	375	8	9	338	384	- <u>11.98</u> %

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2006, the District had \$7,734 in Technology loans payable. This was part a ten year interest free loan from Midland Power. The final payment will be made in 2009.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The sharing of programs and related cost savings along with allowable growth set by the state legislature will have a major effect on the District.
- Allowable growth of 4% is inadequate to maintain all of the District's educational programs at their current level.
- Iowa law requires that unsettled salary negotiations for teachers go to mandatory arbitration. Invariably arbitrated settlements are higher than current levels of allowable growth in funding (not including the budget cuts after the contracts have been settled and people have been hired).
- Health insurance continues to be a very costly item to the District. Even though concessions have been made by employees in regard to deductibles, and coinsurance, other solutions need to be found. The skyrocketing cost of health care and the insurance to cover the cost will soon be unattainable by many.
- Unfunded mandates are stretching the limits of not only the financial health of the District, but also the human resources aspect of the District. "No Child Left Behind", "Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Act", and "GASB 34", to name a few.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Teresa Ewing, Business Manager, Paton-Churdan Community School District, 606 Adrian Street, Churdan, Iowa 50050.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

	Governmental _Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	397,086	12,287	409,373
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Current year	13,721	-	13,721
Succeeding year	782,600	-	782,600
Income surtax - succeeding year	55,512	-	55,512
Due from other governments	38,473	-	38,473
Inventories	-	404	404
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	329,712	7,605	337,317
Total assets	1,617,104	20,296	1,637,400
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	19,758	1,214	20,972
Deferred revenue:	,	,	. , .
Succeeding year property tax	782,600	_	782,600
Long-term liabilities:	,		,
Portion due within one year:			
Early retirement	4,185	_	4,185
Technology loan payable	2,579	_	2,579
Portion due after one year:			
Early retirement	3,300	_	3,300
Technology loan payable	5,155		5,155
Total liabilities	817,577	1,214	818,791
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	321,978	7,605	329,583
Restricted for:	321,570	7,003	325,303
Capital projects	52,635	_	52,635
Management levy	28,130	_	28,130
Physical plant and equipment levy	4,816	_	4,816
Unrestricted	391,968	11,477	403,445
Total net assets	700 527	10 000	010 600
TOTAL HEL ASSELS	799,527	19,082	818,609

Statement of Activities

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:	1,365,668	78,860	288,989	(997,819)		(997,819)
Support services:						
Student services	9,717	_	-	(9,717)	-	(9,717)
Instructional staff services	29,576	-	-	(29,576)	-	(29,576)
Administration services Operation and maintenance of	250,404	-	-	(250,404)	-	(250,404)
plant services	279,480	_	539	(278,941)	_	(278,941)
Transportation services	236,538			(236,538)		(236,538)
	805,715		539	(805,176)		(805,176)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	69,832	_	69,832	_	-	-
Depreciation (unallocated)*	24,021			(24,021)		(24,021)
	93,853		69,832	(24,021)		(24,021)
Total governmental activities	2,265,236	78,860	359,360	(1,827,016)	-	(1,827,016)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Progr	am Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:						
Nutrition services	59,569	29,712	37,623		7,766	7,766
Total	2,324,805	108,572	396,983	(1,827,016)	7,766	(1,819,250)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				744,717	_	744,717
Management				21,271	-	21,271
Capital outlay				73,747	-	73,747
Income surtax				66,019	_	66,019
School infrastructure local option sales tax				130,410	_	130,410
Unrestricted state grants				752,182	_	752,182
Unrestricted investment earnings				13,282	_	13,282
Sale of property				15,453	-	15,453
Other				23,699		23,699
Total general revenue				1,840,780		1,840,780
Change in net assets				13,764	7,766	21,530
Net assets beginning of year				785,763	11,316	797,079
Net assets end of year				799,527	19,082	818,609

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

See notes to financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

			Physical		
			Plant and	Nonmajor	
		Capital	Equipment	Special	
	General	Projects	Levy	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	334,921	14,162	3,708	44,295	397,086
Property tax:					
Current year	12,280	_	1,108	333	13,721
Succeeding year	684,278	_	68,322	30,000	782,600
Income surtax - succeeding year	55,512	_	_	_	55,512
Due from other governments		38,473			38,473
Total assets	1,086,991	52,635	73,138	74,628	1,287,392
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	18,266	_	_	1,492	19,758
Deferred revenue:					
Succeeding year property tax	684,278	-	68,322	30,000	782,600
Succeeding year income surtax	55,512				55,512
Total liabilities	758,056		68,322	31,492	857,870
Fund balances:					
Reserved for capital projects	-	52,635	_	-	52,635
Unreserved	328,935		4,816	43,136	376,887
Total fund balance	328,935	52,635	4,816	43,136	429,522
Total liabilities and fund balances	1,086,991	52,635	73,138	74,628	1,287,392

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 429,522
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2006 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.	55,512
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	329,712
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Early retirement Technology loan payable	 (7,485) (7,734)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 799,527

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

			Physical			
			Plant and		Nonmajor	
		Capital	Equipment	Debt	Special	
	General	Projects	Levy	Service	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	802,467	130,410	73,747	_	21,271	1,027,895
Tuition	78,860	_	-	_	_	78,860
Other	36,981	104	420	_	58,264	95,769
State sources	921,106	-	15	_	_	921,121
Federal sources	131,633					131,633
Total revenues	1,971,047	130,514	74,182		79,535	2,255,278
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:	1,292,520				79,988	1,372,508
Support services:						
Student services	9,717	_	_	_	_	9,717
Instructional staff services	29,576	_	_	_	_	29,576
Administration services	244,916	_	_	_	5,488	250,404
Operation and maintenance of plant services	137,464	89,000	42,351	_	10,665	279,480
Transportation services	156,445	-	55,281	_	3,738	215,464
	578,118	89,000	97,632		19,891	784,641

	General	Capital Projects	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Debt Service	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other expenditures: AEA flowthrough Long-term debt:	69,832	-	-	-	-	69,832
Principal				2,579		2,579
	69,832			2,579		72,411
Total expenditures	1,940,470	89,000	97,632	2,579	99,879	2,229,560
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	30,577	41,514	(23,450)	(2,579)	(20,344)	25,718
Other financing sources (uses): Sale of property Operating transfers in	- -	- -	15,453 -	- 2,579	- -	15,453 2,579
Operating transfers out			(2,579)			(2,579)
			12,874	2,579		15,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financial uses	30,577	41,514	(10,576)	-	(20,344)	41,171
Fund balances beginning of year	298,358	11,121	15,392		63,480	388,351
Fund balances end of year	328,935	52,635	4,816		43,136	429,522

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)	\$ 41,171
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2006 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a revenue in the Statement of Activities.	8,269
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	- (45,095)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	
Technology loans payable	2,579
Early retirement costs are not shown as expenditures in the	
governmental funds, however are shown as liabilities in the Statement of Assets.	6,840
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 13,764

	School Nutrition
	* \$
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	20 712
Charges for services	29,712
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries and benefits	18,722
Supplies	38,621
Depreciation	2,226
Total operating expenses	59,569
Operating (loss)	(29,857)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,437
Federal sources	36,165
Interest income	21
	37,623
Changes in net assets	7,766
Net assets beginning of year	11,316
Net assets end of year	19,082

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2006

	School Nutrition \$
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	29,712
Cash payments to employees for services	(17,508)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(34,211)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(22,007)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1,437
Federal grants received	32,406
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	33,843
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	21
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	11,857
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	430
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	12,287
•	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	(29,857)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	2 226
Depreciation Commodities used	2,226 3,759
Decrease in inventory	651
Increase in accounts payable	1,214
	(22,007)
	<u></u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to	
specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:	
Current assets:	
Cash	12,287

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the District received federal commodities valued at \$3,759.

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Paton-Churdan Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Paton and Churdan, Iowa, and agricultural area in Greene County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Paton-Churdan Community School District has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Paton-Churdan Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Greene County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used for the acquisition of capital assets (over \$500) and the maintenance and purchase of land improvements and facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statement of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking the budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2004 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2005.

 $\underline{\text{Due From Other Governments}}$ - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)		
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment	50 years 20-50 years 5-15 years		

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2006.

 $\underline{\text{Fund Balance}}$ - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. Expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the support services functions.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2006.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Beginning			End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	5,000			5,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	758,067	_	_	758,067
Furniture and Equipment	230,382			230,382
Total capital assets being depreciated	988,449			988,449
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	507,852	15,162	_	523,014
Furniture and Equipment	110,790	29,933		140,723
Total accumulated depreciation	618,642	45,095		663,737
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	369,807	(45,095)		324,712
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	374,807	(45,095)		329,712

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
_	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	18,719	0	_	18,719
Less accumulated depreciation	8,888	2,226		11,114
Business type activities capital assets, net	9,831	(2,226)		7,605
Depreciation expense was charged to the follow: Governmental activities: Support services:	ing functions:			
Transportation				21,074
Unallocated				24,021
				45,095
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				2,226

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$52,791, \$53,956, and \$49,714 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$69,832 for year ended June 30, 2006 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(6) Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

	Technology Loan	Early <u>Retirement</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance beginning of year	\$10,313	14,325	24,638
Additions Reductions	2,579	6,840	9,419
Balance end of year	\$ <u>7,734</u>	7,485	<u>15,219</u>

(7) Technology Loan

The District received an interest free loan in 2004 in the amount of \$25,785 for the addition of communications network equipment into an existing classroom. The note will be repaid from the Districts Physical Plant and Equipment Levy in equal installments of \$2,579, with three payments remaining.

(8) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(9) Interfund Transfers

Debt Service

The detail of Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Physical Plant and Equipment Levy

Transfer to Transfer from Amount

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

\$<u>2,579</u>



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	l Budgeted Amounts		Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance -
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources	1,202,524	29,733	1,232,257	1,220,840	1,220,840	11,417
State sources	921,121	1,437	922,558	1,015,116	1,015,116	(92,558)
Federal sources	131,633	36,165	167,798	96,000	96,000	71,798
Total revenues	2,255,278	67,335	2,322,613	2,331,956	2,331,956	(9,343)
Expenditures:						
Instruction	1,372,508	-	1,372,508	1,410,869	1,410,869	38,361
Support services	784,641	_	784,641	523,250	523,250	(261,391)
Non-instructional programs	-	59,569	59,569	80,000	80,000	20,431
Other expenditures	72,411		72,411	203,532	203,532	131,121
Total expenditures	2,229,560	59,569	2,289,129	2,217,651	2,217,651	(71,478)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	25,718	7,766	33,484	114,305	114,305	(80,821)
Other financing sources (uses)	15,453		15,453			15,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	41,171	7,766	48,937	114,305	114,305	(65,368)
Balance beginning of year	388,351	11,316	399,667	409,982	409,982	(10,315)
Balance end of year	429,522	19,082	448,604	524,287	524,287	(75,683)

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2006

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with <u>Governmental Accounting Standard Board</u> Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the support services function. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2006

	Student					
	Management	Activity	Total			
	\$	\$	\$			
Assets						
Cash Property tax receivable:	29,289	15,006	44,295			
Current year	333	-	333			
Succeeding year	30,000		30,000			
Total assets	59,622	15,006	74,628			
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Deferred revenue:	1,492	-	1,492			
Succeeding year property tax	30,000		30,000			
	31,492		31,492			
Fund balance:						
Unreserved fund balance	28,130	15,006	43,136			
	28,130	15,006	43,136			
Total liabilities and fund balances	59,622	15,006	74,628			

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

	Student			
	Management	Activity	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax	21,271	-	21,271	
Other		58,264	58,264	
Total revenues	21,271	58,264	79,535	
Expenditures:				
Instruction:	21,210	58,778	79,988	
Support services:				
Administration services	5,488	-	5,488	
Plant operation and maintenance	10,665	-	10,665	
Student transportation	3,738		3,738	
Total expenditures	41,101	58,778	99,879	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(19,830)	(514)	(20,344)	
Fund balances beginning of year	47,960	15,520	63,480	
Balance end of year	28,130	15,006	43,136	

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

	Beginning			End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Athletics	2,727	15,745	15,184	3,288
Resale	2,720	2,889	5,938	(329)
Music Resale	(135)	251	206	(90)
Class of 2009	_	768	57	711
Class of 2008	585	766	_	1,351
Class of 2007	1,008	2,869	2,585	1,292
Class of 2006	3,295	573	3,533	335
Miscellaneous	(300)	4,213	3,801	112
Speech/Drama	(23)	_	_	(23)
Musical	1,442	1,574	997	2,019
Student Council	1,654	1,272	1,475	1,451
Annual	(2,547)	4,357	2,905	(1,095)
Elementary	4,094	7,772	8,920	2,946
Miscellaneous Clearing	30	3,781	3,186	625
Registration	48	127	175	-
Technology	303	-	303	-
Student Pop Machine	619	8,505	7,849	1,275
Cheerleaders	-	965	738	227
Other Activities	-	410	200	210
National Honor Society		1,427	726	701
Total	15,520	58,264	58,778	15,006

Comparison of Taxes and Intergovernmental Revenues

All Governmental Funds

For the Last Four Years

	Modified Accrual Basis				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Local sources:					
General	802,467	774,450	900,515	914,412	
Special revenue/debt service	95,018	111,713	133,140	109,729	
Capital projects	130,410	74,650			
	1,027,895	960,813	1,033,655	1,024,141	
State sources:					
General	921,106	881,704	691,218	660,194	
School nutrition	1,437	1,001	1,012	1,316	
	922,543	882,705	692,230	661,510	
Federal sources:					
General	131,633	112,346	72,884	46,146	
School nutrition	36,165	40,532	37,220	45,387	
	167,798	152,878	110,104	91,533	
Total	2,118,236	1,996,396	1,835,989	1,777,184	

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Paton-Churdan Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paton-Churdan Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item 06-I-A is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Paton-Churdan Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Paton-Churdan Community School District and other parties to whom Paton-Churdan Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Paton-Churdan Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

November 9, 2006

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

O6-I-A Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 06-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District. The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2006.
- 06-II-B <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006, exceeded the certified budget amounts in the support services function.

 $\overline{\text{Chapter 24.9}}$ - The certified budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter $\overline{\text{24.9}}$ of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed budget.

<u>Response</u> - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- O6-II-C <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> We noted no expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 06-II-D Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

06-II-E <u>Business Transactions</u> - Business transactions between the District and District officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and Transaction

Business Connection

Troy Paup

Snow removal \$ 1,444

Board Member

The transactions with Mr. Paup do not exceed the \$2,500 limit allowed by Iowa law

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend that the District annually review these transactions to ensure continued compliance.

Response - We will comply with this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- 06-II-F Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 06-II-H <u>Deposits and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy.
- 06-II-I $\underline{\text{Certified Annual Report}}$ The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported. However, it was filed after the October 15th deadline.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that the District was in the midst of a changeover in administration. Care should be taken in future years to ensure the timely filing of the annual report with the Department of Education.

Response - We will file on a timely basis in future years.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

06-II-J <u>Certified Enrollment</u> - We noted no variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education.